

The history of wars TX 18

The history of wars Texas 1821-1835 In 1821 Spain announced large and sparsely populated territory of Texas open to settlers from the United States. Mexico which that year gained independence continued this policy. And conducted a campaign to attract settlers to Texas from Mexico. In the 1st half of 1820-XX years, about 200 American families led by Hayden Edwards Hayden Edwards founded a colony near the town of Nacogdoches in East Texas. Between the American and Mexican settlers originated land disputes. The Mexican government sided with the Mexicans, and demanded to clear the territory of Mexico. Then Edwards 21 Dec 1826 captured Nacogdoches have declared an independent Republic of Fredoni governed by the Mexican Constitution of 1826. Army Edwards - 200 people and some tribes of Indians the Cherokee were defeated the Mexican squad in January 1827. The uprising Edwards was the first sign and the influx of Americans into Texas continued. In 1835 in Texas, resided 200 thousand people. Within Mexico's political and economic situation was unstable which contributed to the separatist mood of Americans in Texas. The abolition of the liberal Constitution of 1824 and the main thing - the abolition of slavery in Mexico in September, 1829, became American settlers economy which was an agricultural sub-standard living conditions. But away from Texas, they were not going. Now everything depended on the position of Washington. It was enough for one of the words of the American President to the revolution broke out which immediately support the well-armed American volunteers. In 1833, in Mexico came to power, General Antonio Lopez de Santa Anna Antonio López de Santa Anna. In Mexico city went the political leader of the American Texans in Austin to raise the issue on the abolition of restrictions for Americans in Texas. He was arrested in 1835 released. With the intention to raise a rebellion Austin arrived in Texas but there already was a war between American and Mexican settlers. War 1835 - 1836 The first clash occurred in Gonzales when the Mexicans demanded to give all the guns the settlers refused. The Mexicans were repulsed and son-in-law of Santa Anna led the rebels at the Alamo. The flag of the rebellion was the Mexican trikollor in the centre of which was inscribed 1824. By the end of 1835, the rebels seized all the strategic points in Texas, which

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